## EXGLANDS REPENTANCE

Englands only 2 January 1659

# REMEDY:

Religiously propounded in a Serious Resolve of this

## ENQUIRY.

Q. What is to be defired by all such as wish well to England?

In a Letter written by a Minister in London, in Answer to one sent from a worthy Member of the late Long PARLIAMENT.

Entred according to Order.

London, Printed by D. Maxwell, 1659.

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Honouved Sir,

Tours of the 18th inftant I received; whereby I dif-I cern your sense of the sad hand of God upon these Nations, in the many (ad Revolutions to which they have heen subject. And now you feem fludious of the way of its recovery, in which I rejoyce. Though, Sir, your Enquiry doth a little amaze me; not fo much for the matter, as that you should press me to it in this juncture of time. You well know, Sir, I have not declined to let you know my thoughts of all the late transactions of those who called themselves, The Long Parliament. Did I not much presume on your Faithfulness never to use it to my damage (however God deal with you) I might burn my pen and paper for fear of a Treason and High Court of Justice. But I will not fear to write at his request to whom I have often spoken freely, and yet met with the fidelity of a Friend.

Sir, your Enquiry is serious and seasonable, and calls for a better Resolution then I can render.

It is this,

Quest. What is to be defired by them that wish well to

England?

I understand your Enquiry as grounded on the present sad state of the Nations affairs; and so my resolution is, as of a Minister of God, that of Israels Repentance promised in Hosea 3.5. Afterwards shall Israel return, and seek unto the Lord their God, and unto David their King, is the unum necessarium, one only thing to be desired for England as her sovereign Remedy against all her maladies

dies by the hand of God inflicted on her.

On ferious observation of England, I cannot but judg her the parallell of the ten Tribes in fin and forrow, and with the may precede them in a ferious and feafonable Repentance. Methinks Sir, the Prophet Hofea his Prophetical Marriage of an Harlot, and leaving her a long time with this charge, To abide for him, and not to play the Harlot, or be for any other, is a lively Emblem of Eng-

lands state and duty.

Englands Difeale.

Hof. 3.3.

England, Sir, as Ifrael, have gone in the way of feroboam, and have finfully, against all Natural, Civil and Religious bonds, cast off and thut out their Lawful Governours and Established Government left them by their Progenitors, and under which the long flourished, unto the Enriching of her felf, Envy of her Neighbours, Nations, and Encouragement of the Reformed Churches: And that after many Declarations, Protestations, Vows, Oaths, and the Solemn League and Covenant for the defence and prefervation of the Kings Majefties Person and Posterity, the Priviledges of Parliament, and the Liberties of the Subject, and that Sworn in a day of Extremity, when they feem'd to be in danger, and men were Jealous (the subversion since effected) was intended. Nay, and after a vast expence of Blood and Treasure in the defence of them; and when under an Obligation inviolable and never to be dispensed withall, wherein we have sworn to God, Not to suffer our selves by any comminations, perswaftons or terrors whatsoever, directly or indirectly to turn aside to the right hand or to the left, or to make defection from this Caufe. Yet have our Nation, to the Scandal of Religion, Reproach of the Nation, and Blafphemy of God, and Provocation of his Justice, with Ifrael, made defection from their Lawful and Natural Prince. nay, and altered their unalterable Government at the Lufts of men subverting very Foundations. Only, Sir, I must be free to let you know, that in two things Englands defection hath been more vile then that of Ifraeis, in that it was made by a violent, base, unjust, extrajudicial, barbarous

barous Regicides with an bypocritical pretence of Justice. Secondly, In that Members of the Parliament have been to themselves an Herad Ascalonite to violently break up their own Sanbearin; and Guido Fanx, to blow up King, Lords and Commons in Parliame t affembled, to the everlasting blemith of the Protestant Religion, and in the room thereof have been subjected to usurpation and felf-created Governours, with whom most of the Nation have concurred, and to them consented. And for the support of this Usurped Magistracy, Calves have been fet up at Dan and Betwell, all falshood in Religion Tolerated, the Ministry laid common, who will becomes a Priest unto the Lord. So that, Sir, Schism and Sedition, Rebellion unto Regicide, Perfidie and Perjurie is become Englands Guilt and impiety written in such legible and indelible Characters, that all men must fay, She is become an Harlot, and fee Repentance absolutely necessary to prevent her ruine. Nay, Sir, give me leave to tell you, Englands Difin (like Ifraels) hath been pointed out by her Sorroms; ftemper. for the having thamefully thaken off her Rightful Governor and Government, hath been profituted to the Lufts and Ambition of particular men, and proudly trampled on by Military infolency, in fo much that our very Bell men can reproach us as we lie in our Beds. Shall I, Sir, make bold to infert a Bell-mans found which I heard with my own ears. It was this,

Whitst you securely Sleep, I Ring my Bell, Which lately bath Rung out your Freedoms Knell. Your Souldiers, now, your Sovereigns are become, Your Eaws and Liberties command by sound of Drum. Nor is it strange, for they read no Commission, Regard no Bonds, but prosper by Transgression. By Pride and Perjury, these Saints most rude, Have Cut off the King, and Parliament subdu'd. Your eyes have seen't vile Slaves, yet in this season, You are Rid like Asses, and not Rul'à by Reason.

Oh, Sir, how many fad and shameful revolutions have passed upon us , and yet we are full far from Settlement ? Authority, like a Tennis-Ball, hath been cast up and down for him to catch that catch can, and hath been toffed between a republican pack, and fingle Person, whilft both are plain and palpable usurpers; for indeed in nature and by Gods just judgment, Revolution is the constant Attendant on wenrp. tion; the Globe of Magistracy must roule up and down, whilst off its Pin, and from its Center, it only resteth in right subjects; and now we are covered with confusion, and left without King, any lawful, nay, without Prince, any unlawful Governors, without any establishment in Chair or State, Civil and Religious order, and this was the punishment of Israels, now is of Englands adultery: the estate of her widow-hood, the time of divine delertion; for Civil Order is Gods presence in the world, and Religious Order his presence in the Church. The very heathen conclude from the confusions in the world, the Gods have for faken the Earth; fo that, Sir, he must have no Religion who feeth not in Englands case to conclude and cry out, Righteons art thou, O Lord, and just are all thy judgments.

Now, Sir, I have shewed Englands disease and distemper; it remains that I direct the cure and remedy, and that I say is, Repentance, true and hearty, General and Englands Cure Universal Repentance. Let the Ministers of God life up and Remedy. their voice, and cry, Repent, England, repent, repent; let all that wish well to England, pray that God would pour out a Spirit of Repentance, that from Dan to Beersheba all Israel may return and seek unto the Lord, and to Da-

vid their King.

Sir, Repentance is the end and errand of all Afflictions, Ifa.27.11. Mencry out of doing the Work of God, nor do I deny it in all our strange revolutions; only I desire it may be noted, it is Gods strange work, speaking his displeasure, and summoning his Peoples Repentance: a relenting heart, a returning spirit shall no sooner be effected, but these sharp rods will be rejected, God will

walk

walk contrary to a flubborn People, until their uncircum- Levit. 26. cifed heart be humbled, but no longer for, then his end is effeded.

Repentance doth engage divine return; for he hath promised, that when ever he feaks against a Nation, to pluck it up , or root it out, if that Nation repent, be will repent, Jer. 18.8. He ever meets relenting Ephraim with Repentance for inflicted judgments; his method is to give Jengi. 18. Repentance and Remission of fins: The greatest good intended for Ifrael is contracted into the promife of repentance; the Sun doth not more certainly follow the morning flar, then the return of Gods presence doth attend

repentance:

Nay Sir, in this case repentance is an allual re-enjoyment of bleffing, not only a quality disposing to it, but an act putting into the possession of it; as your Armies late repentance for their backfliding, put your Members actually into the Houle, to rule and govern, and their counter repentance put you out again, fo the repentance of your pretended Parliament, and the People of England puts lawful Governors into their proper places, and fixeth Authority in its right Center, which fin unhingeth and expelleth. You may observe, Israels Repentance was an actual and ardent Contest to bring home the King. Repentance breaks open the Bar of Sedition and Rebellion which shutteth out lawful authority; will but God give Repentance, the Restitution of Englands Government will be very feafable and speedy. For this Repentance confifts in two parts.

I. To abide for rightfull Governours, however expelled, and at present excluded; and not to be for any other Magi- First part of frate, by any act of Allegiance, or acknowledgment Repen ance. of Loyalty; strike not hands with, consent not to any felf-created Governaurs, by Pride, Perfidy, and Rebellion, flipping into a Chair of State; play not the wanton with any self-advancing Absalom, be not seduced by every seditions Sheba: If proud men have power and profaneness to catch a Scepter, and stamp Authority upon themselves.

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let men maintain their Chaftity, deny their Allegiance court them not as rightful Governours: Mens gidde unconfiancy is the blood that nonriflesh Rebellion : resolved chaftity is the rebuke of adul erous attempts, if with Mephibofheth, men cannot follow their exit's David let them bid in their widow bood, and retain their Lovelty until her cura. According to Nature and Scripture ple may better be withent any Prince, then frike bands with a ularper, for it that is forrem, but in this is fall thould Sir, with that and and blind affection may not engage any to commit lewdness with any the Members of Englands late Husbands body; let not any the Members of our Collective Body now beheaded, and bemangled, cheat us with the claim of Allegiance by pretence of Relation, and cry of a Long Parliament; but rather let thele Members be dispersed throughout the Tribes of Ifrael as evidences of that unbeard of violence, and unparallell'd cruelty which bath been acted on our E poufed Lord, Englands Subscription of finful Engagements, and shameful Addreshes to unla will Powers, hath been the breach of her chaflicy; let us abide for lawful Government, when we can do no more, evidence our integrity, and affert our duty and relation, when we cannot enjoy our right.

The 2d Act of Repentance to be done is to return unto the Lord, and to David their King. Return to God, is the formall all of true Resentance; Sin and Repentance have the fame object though fome fin is more immediately against God, yet all fin is a transgression of his Law : the same God that trid . Thou Shall have none other Gods before my face, faid alto, Thou Shalt bonour thy Father and thy Mother ; and Thou halt not commit adultery : Ifraels Rejection o Samuel. was a Rejection o' the Lord; as light as men make o, Civil Right and Order, it is Gods direction in the fecond Table of his Law; The complaint of the Penitent for any fin, is unto God, Againft thee thee only have I finned ; feeking to the Lord, will four a feeking unto David their King; fence of God offended, engageth a return from all fin , not only from last, but first acts of violence done

Second part of Repentance.

done unto Authority; not only the interruptions made on you in 1673, but those chiesly made by you in 1648 and that with fulness of Resolution to backslide no more; a return to God will awe the conscience, and obviate all rhe difficulties and discouragements of Repentance; danger finfully created by rebellion shall not deter repentance , because it is a return to God, ready to forgive; let me fay to England as God to Ifrael, If thou will return, return unto the Lord, who enjoyned your duty; whose law hath Jer.4.1. been violated by your impiery; unto the Lord, to whom you sware in the day of your diffres; who is a God of Jealoufie and will avenge the quarrel of the Covenant : fad is the Repentance which is but an exchange of fin, or of fins object; a bewaiting of one rebellions act, but maintaining and proceeding in a feries of Rebellion, viofence, and fedition. Sir, whatever Souldiers do, Saints must not thus return. Israels return to God must be with a return to David their King by David is generally understood the Messiah the Lord Jesus Christ, nor do I deny it, only Sir I wish it may be noted, the Mestiah is called David for Relation and Succession fake, because the same feed and right of fucceffor of David, as the Pharaohs of Egypt, and Calars of Rome; he is their King, not only as the Messiah, but by a lineal discent from, and lawful succession to the Crown of Thael; fo that a return to David their King is mentioned with an allufion unto their Apollacy from, and Rebeliion against the House of David. which must be repented in their return; for they must embrace their Lord Jefus nor only as the Melliah , but as their natural Prince and lawfut Soveraign; and therefore Calvin crieth out, Aliter vere & ex unimo Denm quarere noli potuit, quin fe eriam Jubijceret Legitimorimperia oui aftrictus erat; they could no way feek the Lord in truth, but by becoming Subject to their lawfut Soveraign.

Englands Repentance must be according to this, they must feek the Lord, through Christ, by subjection to their lawful Government and Governors, from which they have revolted; the formality of Repentance from Rebellion is a

return

return to Loyalty. Sir, Restaurion is an essential all of Repentance; the only restitution made for repented of rebellion, is a re-establishment of authority, and a return to Loyalty, becoming subject for conscience sake: Israel repenting the rebellion into which they run after self-advancing Absalon, they sell to strife among themselves about setching home their King: Nay, Shimes's Character of repentance is this, Thy servant doth know that I have sinned, therefore behold I am come down that first of all the House of Joseph to meet my Lord the King; if God will do England good, he will give them hearts to give God the things that are Gods, and Casar the things that are Casars, which have been too long held back with violence.

2 Sam. 19.

I wish Sir that none may pretend an inconsistency between this act of repentance, and the good Old Caufe of God and bis Prople, for whoever shall fo do, must fell themfelves unto positive blasphemy, and perpetual profanenels, pretending that to be the Caufe of God which is expresly repugnant to his revealed will, and refolving rebellion is the honour of Religion, and only work of Saints; and wilfully that their eyes, that they may cozen their confciences: For Sir is not the Kings prefervation, honour and happinels, the Priviledges of Parliament, the Liberty of the Subject, and defence of the Government by King, Lords and Commons, written in such Legible Characters in the Parliaments, C ties, and Armies Declarations, Remonftrances, and Protestation; in all our Vowes, Ouths, and Covenants as the good Old Cause for which so much blood and treafure was expended, that none but the wilful impenitent can chuse but run and read it; I shall for more full convi-Cion refer you to Mr. Prymus Good Old Caufe truly frated. which I know you have leen.

Neither Sir would I have the bazard of any mans life or estate, threatned by this repentance, be any bar unto it; for Sir, this hazard is self-created, and sinfully procured; which, should it be inflicted, were but the proper effect of justice, better to be undergone here then hereaster unto

eternity;

eternity; happy may be the stroak of justice which may save a Soul from Hell; the sinful escapes of humane justice will one day be found exceeding sad: running away rom the rod of correction is an brightning rebellion, and note of a reprobate; and whether will such siye from Gods all-seeing eyeror will it boot any to contend with God for impunity?

Oh no, it will not.

But Sir, such men may be worse feared then hurt; repentance is the spunge of Guist in the light o men, as well as in the sight of God: God who hath the hearts of Kings in his hand, and turns them as the rivers of water relents toward a repenting Ephraim, and maketh Duvid relent towards a rebellious Absalon; Royal Clemency never shines brighter then in returns from violent exile; Shall any be put to death shis day in Israel? for do I not know that I am this day King in Israel? is Davids answer to the son of Zerviah provoking against Shimei, who had full well deserved it; any indifferent Politician can give assurance of indempmity for general delinquency, especially, when true

repentance is the foring that doth enforce it.

Laftly, Sir, let mone fland up against this act of Repeatance, and cry, It is dangerous to Religion, a Free Parliament will call home the King, and he is rude and prophane, and converfeth among Papifts, and will bring Popery into the Land with him. To fuch I fay in thort, How came they into Gods Chair to become folicitous of Event? Is uncertain fear of an iffue any ground of bar to duty? Where is our Faith should carry us on in duty against all dread? Needs God our Sin to preserve the Sanctity of his holy Name? Will not this prove a fad support unto Religon? But is not this fear groundless? Is not the King a Protestant born and brought up? bound in the same Solemn League and Covenant with our felves ? Hath not our fin subjected him to the faddelt tempration to turn Papift that ever poor Prince underwent ? Doth not Mr. Prynn tell us plainly and upon good demonstration, That his exile is the great propagation of the Catholick Cause, and high courtesie to Rome? Sir, these ob-AructiRructions are all frivolous, and fo will appear, if ever God

pour on the Nation a Spirit of Repentance.

Worthy Sir, I have with the plainness of a Minister, and freedom of a Friend, given my thoughes on your Enquiry , and that not Rafbly, but as having confulted the Oracles of God. And I cannot but beg that you purlift no longer in your way of fin: Oh that God would give vou and your fellow. Members hearts to give bim Glory. and after your fuccefs, totake to your felves hame for your finful subversion of an Established Government, and that with presence of Law, calling your felves a Parliament when your own Consciences tell you, you are no such thing. Sir, England is inclining to repent, if your House prove not a Sheba to found again the Trumpet of Rebellion. However, my advice is, Let the Ministers of God cry one. Repent, England, Repent, Repent; and let all the people of God pray, That England may return and feek unto the Lord, and to David their King : Then shall we be ekablished enjoying our Princes as at the first, and our Rulers as at the beginning. I have no more, fave with the Prophet Ezekiel, They, whether they will bear, or whether they will forbear, for they are a Rebellions Honfe, yet fall know there bath been a Prophet among them, Ezek, 2.5.

### FINIS

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Aud sine Nocha vinen vog Kers in Beggerinter o er dig med bog ange kas gleide gill kie veg eine na en Ochsen signigen gradingstreibsiges skieden.